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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY	REPORT NO.

INFORMATION REPORT

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13 September 1953

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Foreigners Visiting Werk HF (OSW), Berlin

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SUPPLEMENT TO REPORT NO.

SATE OF WFO.

November 1952 to March 1953

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THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION

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- During the period from November 1952 to January 1953, Soviet visitors were re peatedly seen in the Werk HF in Berlin-Oberschoeneweide, inspecting the factory installation in groups of two or three. In mid-December 1952, a Soviet commission discussed the poor quality of the P 50 type tube with the management of the works.
- 2. In February and March 1953, two Soviet inspection officials appointed to the works were working as previously. Their superior was with the DIA (Deutscher Innen- und Aussenbandel) (German Foreign and Inland Trade concern were very guarded in their statements and refrained from making decisions. In January 1953, several Soviet officials worked in the experimental station, apparently as anspection or checking engineers.
- In early/1952, Work HF in Berlin-Oberschoeneweide was visited by three Chinese engineers who had been ordered to inspect an electronic microscope and to obtain information on the development work and production of the works. It was agreed that an assembling group consisting of an engineer and a mechanic was to go to Chine to put the electron's microscope into operation. This trip had not started as of nate April, as Baise (fnu), head of the department, had been dismissed. The assembling group had previously been sent to Budapest and Warsaw.
- A delegation of three Chinese headed by Minister Wang who allegedly had good technical knowledge negotiated on the delivery of tubes in November and December 1952. The Chinese were especially interested in tubes for radio detecting and ranging sets with wave ranges of 3, 10, and 50 cm. They informed the works what the demand for such tubes would be during the period from 1953 to 1957, requested an offer, and stated that they would contact tube producing factories of other People's Demo-cracies in case of refusal. In late November, the Chinese received two specimens each of the 6AL5, 6AG5, and 6AK5 type tubes. In January, it had not yet been determined which tube types were to be delivered to China. The delegation showed little interest in instruments.
- also visited the Keramische Werke Hescho-Kahla in The Chinese delegation Hermsdorf for about four weeks. Source learned from an engineer of these works that there the delegation procured technical documents for a factory for technical ceramics to be erected in China and negotiated for long term employment of specialists for China.

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les.	she worked in the impresent development section of the development departs of the Tesla concern visited the works. The visit which was known only in	ent some ientific divided ceri- requenc cies, type rany. ique
4 .	Source learned from the visitors that the Tesla development department was ed into five development sections including a wire (telephony) section; decimet a communication (transmitter and receiver sets) section; decimet waves section; tubes section; and crystal, detector, a transistor section. Professor Espe (fnu), a German, worked in on these institutes without having Gzechoslovak nationality. Sour also learned that nearly all technical information required was sent from that raw material deliveries from the USER were scarce. The visitors we astonished at the high salaries of German engineers and technicians and st in Gzechoslovakia, salaries averaged respectively 14,000, 9,000, and 6,000 a plant or institute manager, a graduated engineer, and a good mechanic. Technical power of 100 Kcs. equalled about 7 eastwarks.	ection: ric rd c of ce he USSR ere ated that Kos. for
6.	In January 1953, the works were visited by a delegation of Hungarian enginerated in the delegation. A cherist, and two other engineers. 3 The Hungarian was were exployees of the Tungarar Firm in Budapest were transmitter tube and conferred especially with Dr. Klang (fmu) of the technological depart the development and production of transmitter and special tubes. Source of leasthed from these Hungarian visitors that Tungaram produced transmitter to processes which were not up to the newest standard of engineering, as, for no thorium but wolframite cathodes and copper plass compounds were used when its use were unknown. Only transmitter tubes of the simplest types of put up to 20 k.W., rectifier tubes, and thryratrons were produced. The labor 600 persons included 120 technical employees. In connection with this two German engineers working in the tube production and tube development we scheduled to visit Tungaram allegedly in order to advise the Hungarians on modernication and the adaption of new techniques and materials for the tratable production.	as hend enginees coecial s ment on casional casional
9.	The Hungarian delegation inspected all production plants and was informed organizational structure. Engineer Ermer (flu) stated that Tungsram had no difficulties as Hungary had two of the few European wolframite and nolybder specialists. Freviously, the delegation had visited Funkwerk Erfurt as Rochrenwerk Neuhaus.	wire
1.[Comment. For a tabulation of the demand for tubes quoted by the Chine gation, see Annex.	ese del⊹- [
ł,	Comment. Dr. Ing. Werner Espe has been oreviously reported as adviser Tesla development department.	of the
3. [Comment. The spelling of the name of the Hungarian engineer Remer or could not be letermined. The engineer possibly was engineer Arpad Elmer who mentioned as manager of the radio tube producing department in a report in	Was

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STEP PAROMITROL - U.S. OFFICIALS ONLY

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Requirements for Tubes quoted by E	Chines	1954	BARA ARA	1956	1.957	1120 to the reads available
<u> 3 AK 5</u>	3	5				No.
Repulse transmitter triodes	-					abe
for outputs of 10, 60, 150 250 k.W., impulse frequency	•					aliden (dall).
500 c.p.s., impulse period of 2 s.	1	2	5	5	5	e discourse de la v
<u>Magnetrons</u> for 100 cm and output of 120 and 250 k.W., impulse frequency 1,700 c.p.s., inpulse period of 1 s.		0,3	c, 5	ž,	£,	Badi sharaaa
Fagnetrons for 3 cm and output of 10 and 60 k.W.,		,				LL. (1888)
impulse frequency 500 c.p.s., impulse period 1 s.	cum	3,3	С,3	4	ė,	ievelia i 1986
Bydrogen thyratrons	1	1,5	3	3	3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Cathode ray tubes Type not yet determined	1	- 2	5	. 5	5	and by a wall distribution
Klystrons Type 723 A and 723 B	Num	ber of uni	its is u	nkac' va		

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